

# METRYM-5 INJECTION

## (*Meloxicam*)

### SUMMARY OF PRODUCT CHARACTERISTICS

#### 1. NAME OF THE VETERINARY MEDICINAL PRODUCT

METRYM -5 SOLUTION FOR INJECTION FOR CATTLE, HORSES

#### 2. QUALITATIVE AND QUANTITATIVE COMPOSITION

Each ml Contains:

Meloxicam ..... 5mg

#### 3. PHARMACEUTICAL FORM

Solution for injection. Clear yellow solution.

#### 4. CLINICAL PARTICULARS

##### 4.1 Target species

Cattle, Calves, horses, Sheep, Goats, Dogs, cats.

##### 4.2 Indications for use, specifying the target species

###### Cattle Calves, Sheep & Goats:

For use in acute respiratory infection with appropriate antibiotic therapy to reduce clinical signs in cattle.

For use in diarrhea in combination with oral re-hydration therapy to reduce clinical signs in calves of over one week of age and young, non-lactating cattle.

For adjunctive therapy in the treatment of acute mastitis, in combination with antibiotic therapy.

For the relief of post-operative pain following dehorning in calves.

###### Horses:

For use in the alleviation of inflammation and relief of pain in both acute and chronic musculo-skeletal disorders.

For the relief of pain associated with equine colic.

##### 4.3 Contraindications

See also section 4.7.

Do not use in horses less than 6 weeks of age.

Do not use in animals suffering from impaired hepatic, cardiac or renal function and haemorrhagic disorders, or where there is evidence of ulcerogenic gastrointestinal lesions.

Do not use in cases of hypersensitivity to the active substance or to any of the excipients.

For the treatment of diarrhea in cattle, do not use in animals of less than one week of age.

#### **4.4 Special warnings for each target species**

Treatment of calves with Metrym 20 minutes before dehorning reduces post-operative pain. Metrym alone will not provide adequate pain relief during the dehorning procedure. To obtain adequate pain relief during surgery co-medication with an appropriate analgesic is needed.

#### **4.5 Special precautions for use**

##### Special precautions for use in animals

If adverse reactions occur, treatment should be discontinued and the advice of a veterinarian should be sought.

Avoid use in very severely dehydrated, hypovolemic or hypotensive animals which require parenteral rehydration, as there may be a potential risk of renal toxicity.

In case of inadequate relief of pain when used in the treatment of equine colic, careful re-evaluation of the diagnosis should be made as this could indicate the need for surgical intervention.

##### Special precautions to be taken by the person administering the veterinary medicinal product to animals

Accidental self-injection may give rise to pain. People with known hypersensitivity to non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) should avoid contact with the veterinary medicinal product.

In case of accidental self-injection, seek medical advice immediately and show the package leaflet or the label to the physician.

This product can cause eye irritation. In case of contact with the eyes, immediately rinse thoroughly with water.

#### **4.6 Adverse reactions (frequency and seriousness)**

In cattle, only a slight transient swelling at the injection site following subcutaneous administration was observed in less than 10 % of the cattle treated in clinical studies.

In horses, a transient swelling at the injection site was observed in isolated cases in clinical studies, but resolved without intervention.

Anaphylactic reactions, which may be serious (including fatal), have been observed very rarely from post-marketing safety experience and should be treated symptomatically.

The frequency of adverse reactions is defined using the following convention:

- very common (more than 1 in 10 animals treated displaying adverse reactions)
- common (more than 1 but less than 10 animals treated in 100 animals)
- uncommon (more than 1 but less than 10 animals in 1,000 animals treated)
- rare (more than 1 but less than 10 animals in 10,000 animals treated)
- Very rare (less than 1 animal in 10,000 animals treated, including isolated reports).

#### **4.7 Use during pregnancy, lactation or lay**

Cattle: Can be used during pregnancy and lactation.

Horses: Do not use in pregnant or lactating mares.

See also section 4.3.

#### **4.8 Interaction with other medicinal products and other forms of interaction**

Do not administer concurrently with glucocorticosteroids, other non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs or with anticoagulant agents.

#### **4.9 Amounts to be administered and administration route**

##### Cattle, Calves, Sheep & Goats::

Single subcutaneous or intravenous injection at a dosage of 0.5 mg meloxicam/kg body weight (i.e. 1ml/10 kg body weight) in combination with antibiotic therapy or with oral re-hydration therapy, as appropriate.

##### Horses:

Single intravenous injection at a dosage of 0.6 mg meloxicam/kg body weight (i.e. 1ml/08 kg body weight).

For use in the alleviation of inflammation and the relief of pain in both acute and chronic musculo-skeletal disorders.

##### Dogs & Cats:

Single subcutaneous or intravenous injection at a dosage of 0.2 mg meloxicam/kg body weight (i.e. 0.4ml/10 kg body weight) in combination with antibiotic therapy or with oral re-hydration therapy, as appropriate.

Avoid introduction of contamination during use.

#### **4.10 Overdose (symptoms, emergency procedures, antidotes), if necessary**

In case of overdose, symptomatic treatment should be initiated.

#### **4.11 Withdrawal period(s)**

Cattle: Meat and offal: 15 days;

Milk: 5 days

### **5. PHARMACOLOGICAL PROPERTIES**

Pharmacotherapeutic group: Anti-inflammatory and antirheumatic products, non-steroids (oxicams).  
ATCvet code: QM01AC06.

#### **5.1 Pharmacodynamic properties**

Meloxicam is a non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drug (NSAID) of the oxicam class which acts by inhibition of prostaglandin synthesis, thereby exerting anti-inflammatory, anti-exudative, analgesic and antipyretic effects. It reduces leukocyte infiltration into the inflamed tissue. To a minor extent it also inhibits collagen-induced thrombocyte aggregation. Meloxicam also has anti-endotoxic properties because it has been shown to inhibit production of thromboxane B<sub>2</sub> induced by *E. coli* endotoxin administration in calves, lactating cows.

#### **5.2 Pharmacokinetic particulars**

##### Absorption

After a single subcutaneous dose of 0.5 mg meloxicam/kg, C<sub>max</sub> values of 2.1 µg/ml and 2.7 µg/ml were reached after 7.7 hours and 4 hours in young cattle and lactating cows, respectively.

### Distribution

More than 98 % of meloxicam is bound to plasma proteins. The highest meloxicam concentrations are to be found in liver and kidney. Comparatively low concentrations are detectable in skeletal muscle and fat.

### Metabolism

Meloxicam is predominantly found in plasma. In cattle, meloxicam is also a major excretion product in milk and bile whereas urine contains only traces of the parent compound. Meloxicam is metabolised to an alcohol, an acid derivative and to several polar metabolites. All major metabolites have been shown to be pharmacologically inactive. The metabolism in horses has not been investigated.

### Elimination

Meloxicam is eliminated with a half-life of 26 hours and 17.5 hours after subcutaneous injection in young cattle and lactating cows, respectively.

In horses, after intravenous injection meloxicam is eliminated with a terminal half-life of 8.5 hours.

Approximately 50 % of the administered dose is eliminated via urine and the remainder via faeces.

## **6. PHARMACEUTICAL PARTICULARS**

### **6.1 Major incompatibilities**

None known.

### **6.2 Shelf life**

Shelf life of the veterinary medicinal product as packaged for sale (50 ml, and 100 ml): 2 years.

Shelf life after first opening the immediate packaging: 28 days.

### **6.3 Special precautions for storage**

This veterinary medicinal product does not require any special storage conditions.

### **6.4 Nature and composition of immediate packaging**

Cardboard box with Amber glass injection vial(s) each containing 50 ml.

Each vial is closed with a bromobutyl rubber stopper and sealed with an aluminum flip off seal.

**6.5 Special precautions for the disposal of unused veterinary medicinal products or waste materials derived from the use of such products**

Any unused veterinary medicinal product or waste materials derived from such veterinary medicinal products should be disposed of in accordance with local requirements.

**7. MARKETING AUTHORISATION HOLDER**

Nawan Laboratories (Pvt.) Ltd.  
Plots No. 136-138, Sector-15,  
Korangi Industrial Area, Karachi-74900, Pakistan.

**8. MARKETING AUTHORISATION NUMBERS**

Reg. No.: 091889

**9. DATE OF FIRST AUTHORISATION/RENEWAL OF THE AUTHORISATION**

Date of Reg.: 19-09-2018

**10. DATE OF REVISION OF THE TEXT**

Date of Reg.: 15-01-2025

**MANUFACTURED BY:**  
 **NAWAN**  
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