# **NEFA MAC IMM INJECTOR**

# (Cephalexin Monohydrate, Neomycin Sulphate, Cloxacillin Benzathine, Vitamin A)

### SUMMARY OF PRODUCT CHARACTERISTICS

### 1 NAME OF THE VETERINARY MEDICINAL PRODUCT

NEFA MAC IMM INJECTOR

# 2. QUALITATIVE AND QUANTITATIVE COMPOSITION

Each Syringe Contains:

Cephalexin Monohydrate .... 200mg Neomycin Sulphate ..... 340mg Cloxacillin Benzathine ..... 500mg Vitamin A ...... 10000 IU

### 3. PHARMACEUTICAL FORM

Intramammary Suspension.

### 4. CLINICAL INFORMATION

# 4.1. Target species

Cattle.

# 4.2. Indications for use specifying the target species

Breast infections caused by germs sensitive to cloxacillin and neomycin. In cows at dry-off:

- -Treatment of subclinical mastitis caused by Staphylococcus aureus, Streptococcus agalactiae, Streptococcus dysgalactiae and Streptococcus uberis
- Prevention of new infections during the dry period.

### 4.3. Contraindications

Do not use in cases of hypersensitivity to any of the excipients. Do not use if you have a history of allergy to penicillins and/or aminoglycosides.

# 4.4. Special warnings for each target species

Do not milk after administering the veterinary medicinal product.

# 4.5. Special precautions for use

Special precautions for safe use in the target species:

After the last milking, disinfect the teat opening and administer through the teat canal, respecting the usual aseptic precautions, the entire contents of an intramammary syringe into each quarter. It is recommended to then proceed with a final dip of the teats with an appropriate disinfectant solution

The efficacy of the veterinary medicinal product has only been established against the germs mentioned in the indications (section "Indications for use for each target species"). Consequently, the occurrence after drying off of severe mastitis (which may be fatal) due to other germs, in particular Pseudomonas aeruginosa, remains possible.

To reduce this risk, the rules of asepsis during the administration of the veterinary medicinal product must be scrupulously respected; monitoring of the cows in the days following drying off and their maintenance in a hygienic environment far from the milking environment must also be ensured.

Special precautions to be taken by the person administering the product to animals:

Penicillins and cephalosporins may cause hypersensitivity reactions after injection, inhalation, ingestion or skin contact. Hypersensitivity to penicillins may result in cross-allergy with cephalosporins and vice versa. These hypersensitivity reactions may occasionally be serious

People with known hypersensitivity to the active substances should avoid contact with the veterinary medicinal product.

Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and mucous membranes.

Wash hands thoroughly after handling the product.

Keep out of reach of children.

In case of accidental self-injection, seek medical advice immediately and show the package leaflet or the label.

# 4.6. Adverse reactions (frequency and seriousness)

Allergic reactions1, agitation, tremor, swelling of the mammary gland, eyelids and lips Frequency not known (cannot be estimated from the available data)

Reporting of adverse events is important. It allows the continuous monitoring of the safety of the veterinary medicinal product. Reports should be sent, preferably by the veterinarian, either to the marketing authorisation holder or his local representative, or to the national competent authority via the national reporting system. Please refer to the package leaflet for the respective contact details.

# 4.7. Use during pregnancy and lactation or lay

Do not use during lactation. The safety of the veterinary medicinal product in dairy cows has not been established during pregnancy. However, since the amounts of cloxacillin and neomycin absorbed intramammarily are low, the use of the medicinal product during pregnancy does not pose any particular problem.

# 4.8. Interaction with other veterinary medicinal products and other forms of interaction

None known.

# 4.9. Dosage and administration route

Intramammary route.

Cephalexin Monohydrate, 200mg, Neomycin Sulphate, 340mg, Cloxacillin Benzathine, 340mg, Vitamin A, 10000 IU or the contents of one syringe per quarter at drying off, immediately after the last milking

During the last milking before the dry period, milk all four quarters of the udder completely

Clean and disinfect the teats, then inject the entire contents of an intramammary syringe per quarter. Do not milk again after that

# 4.10. Overdose (symptoms, emergency procedures, antidotes), if necessary

None known.

# 4.11. Special restrictions on use and special conditions of use, including restrictions on the use of antimicrobial and antiparasitic veterinary medicinal products, in order to limit the risk of development of resistance

Not applicable.

# 4.12. Withdrawal period:

Meat and offal: 30 days.

Milk:

- Zero day after calving if the dry period is greater than 42 days.
- 42 day after treatment if the drying-off period is less than or equal to 42 days.

### 5. PHARMACOLOGICAL PROPERTIES

Pharmacotherapeutic group: Antibiotics with Vitamins

### 5.1. Pharmacodynamics properties

Cephalexin is a first-generation cephalosporin antibiotic. It works by inhibiting bacterial cell wall synthesis by binding to penicillin-binding proteins (PBPs), leading to cell lysis and death. It is effective against Gram-positive bacteria (e.g., *Staphylococcus*, *Streptococcus*) and some Gram-negative bacteria.

Neomycin is an aminoglycoside antibiotic that binds to the 30S ribosomal subunit, inhibiting bacterial protein synthesis. It is primarily effective against Gram-negative bacteria (e.g., *E. coli*, *Klebsiella*). It has limited activity against Gram-positive bacteria and anaerobes.

Cloxacillin is a penicillinase-resistant penicillin. It inhibits bacterial cell wall synthesis by binding to PBPs. It is particularly effective against beta-lactamase-producing *Staphylococcus aureus*.

Vitamin A is essential for vision, immune function, and epithelial tissue maintenance. It plays a role in cell differentiation and growth.

### 5.2 Pharmacokinetic information

Cephalexin Well-absorbed orally in animals. Distributed widely in tissues and body fluids, including the kidneys, liver, and skin, Primarily excreted unchanged in the urine via glomerular filtration and tubular secretion, Half-life varies by species (e.g., ~1-2 hours in dogs and cats).

Neomycin poorly absorbed from the gastrointestinal tract when administered orally; primarily acts locally in the gut, absorbed neomycin is excreted renally, Systemic absorption can lead to nephrotoxicity and ototoxicity, especially in animals with renal impairment

Cloxacillin Well-absorbed orally in animals, Distributed widely, including to bones and joints, Metabolized in the liver and excreted primarily in the urine, Benzathine salt provides a prolonged release, extending the duration of action.

Vitamin A Absorbed in the small intestine, requiring bile salts for absorption, Stored in the liver as retinyl esters, Metabolized in the liver and excreted in bile and urine, Excess intake can lead to hypervitaminosis A, causing toxicity.

### 6. PHARMACEUTICAL INFORMATION

# 6.1 Incompatibilities

Do not mix with other veterinary medicinal products

#### 6.2. Shelf life

Shelf life of the veterinary medicinal product as packaged for sale: 2 years. Shelf life after first opening the container: use immediately, do not store.

# 6.2. Special precautions for storage

Store at a temperature between 15°C and 25°C.

Keep out of the reach of children.

To be used as directed by the registered veterinary practitioner only.

# 6.3. Nature and composition of primary conditioning

10ml LDPE Intramammary Syringe.

# SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS FOR THE DISPOSAL OF WASTE MATERIALS UNUSED MEDICINAL PRODUCTS OR WASTE MATERIALS

Any unused veterinary medicinal products or waste materials derived from such medicinal products should be disposed of in accordance with local requirements and placed in appropriate collection and disposal systems for unused or expired medicinal products.

### 7. MARKETING AUTHORISATION HOLDER

Nawan Laboratories (Pvt.) Ltd. Plots No. 136-138, Sector-15, Korangi Industrial Area, Karachi-74900, Pakistan.

# 8. MARKETING AUTHORISATION NUMBER

Reg. No.: 117294

### 9. DATE OF FIRST AUTHORISATION

Date of Reg.: 09-08-2023

# 10. DATE OF REVISION OF THE TEXT

17-02-2025

